



Project Lifesaver

Sarpy County Sheriff's Office



We have exciting news for families in Sarpy County! The Sarpy County Sheriff's Office is working in coalition with the Bellevue Police Department, La Vista Police Department, Papillion Police Department and Nebraska State Patrol to bring Project Lifesaver to our families! Project Lifesaver is a nationwide tracking program established to locate and rescue missing persons, namely those with cognitive impairments and developmental disabilities. Since 1999, 1742 missing persons have been found through Project Lifesaver. But most importantly, they have a 100% recover rate where every single one of those missing loved ones was returned home safely!

Visit Project Lifesaver online to learn more about the program at
<http://www.projectlifesaver.org>

or

For local information about enrollment contact:

Sarpy County Sheriff's Office
1208 Golden Gate Drive
Papillion, NE 68046
(402)593-2288
projectlifesaver@sarpy.com

ARE YOU PREPARED FOR AN AUTISM EMERGENCY?

To ensure safety and lower risk for a child or adult with autism, parents and care providers will need to become proactive and prepare an informational handout.

A leading cause for concern are children and adults who run away or wander from parents and care providers. Tragically, children and adults with autism are often attracted to water sources such as pools, ponds, and lakes. For instance, drowning is a leading cause of death for a child or adult who has autism.

Wandering can occur anywhere at anytime. The first time is often the worst time. Another concern is preparation in the event that you become incapacitated or injured while caring for a person with autism at home or in the community.

An informational handout should be developed, copied and carried with you at all times--at home, in your car, purse or wallet. Also circulate this handout to family members, trusted neighbors, friends and co-workers. The handout will also come in handy if you are in an area other than your neighborhood and are approached by the police.

If wandering is a concern, contact law enforcement, fire and ambulance agencies. Ask your local 911 call center to "red flag" this information in their 911 computer data base. Dispatchers can alert patrol officers about your concerns before they arrive. When we provide law enforcement with key information before an incident occurs, we can expect better responses.

Alert your neighbors

The behaviors and characteristics of autism have the potential to attract attention from the public. Law enforcement professionals suggest that you reach out and get to know your neighbors.

- * Decide what information to present to neighbors
- * Does your child have a fear of cars and animals or is he drawn to them?
- * Is your child a wanderer or runner?
- * Does he respond to his name or would a stranger think he is deaf?
- * Plan a brief visit to your neighbors
- * Introduce your child or adult or a photograph

- * If a neighbor spots your child outside of your yard, what is the best way for them to get your child back to you?
- * Are their sensory issues your neighbor should know about?
- * Give your neighbor a simple handout with your name, address, and phone number.
- * Ask them to call you immediately if they see your son or daughter outside the home

This approach may be a good way to avoid problems down the road and will let your neighbors:

- * Know the reason for unusual behaviors
- * Know that you are approachable
- * Have the opportunity to call you before they call 911

Knowing your neighbors can lead to better social interactions for your loved ones with autism.

Prevention

If wandering is an issue for your family, consider contacting a professional locksmith, security company or home improvement professional.

Autism Emergency Contact Handout Model

- * Name of child or adult
- * Current photograph and physical description including height, weight, eye and hair color, any scars or other identifying marks
- * Names, home, cell and pager phone numbers and addresses of parents, other caregivers and emergency contact persons
- * Sensory, medical, or dietary issues and requirements, if any
- * Inclination for elopement and any atypical behaviors or characteristics that may attract attention
- * Favorite attractions and locations where person may be found
- * Likes, dislikes--approach and de-escalation techniques
- * Method of communication, if non-verbal sign language, picture boards, written word
- * ID wear jewelry, tags on clothes, printed handout card
- * Map and address guide to nearby properties with water sources and dangerous locations highlighted
- * Blueprint or drawing of home, with bedrooms of individual highlighted

For more information, visit <http://www.autismriskmanagement.com/> - by Dennis Debbaudt C 2005